Citizens Bank International Ltd.

Disclosure as per Basel III

For FY 2078/79 ending Chaitra end, 2078

Information presented hereunder is as per disclosure requirements of the Capital Adequacy Framework issued by NRB. Disclosures are in respect of the stand-alone capital adequacy of Citizens Bank International Ltd.

Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy:

a. Tier 1 Capital and a breakdown of its compo NPR In Full Figures

Tier 1 Capital (Core Capital) (CET1 +AT1)	Amount in NPR
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1)	18,229,953,069
Paid up Equity Share Capital	14,200,974,006
Equity Share Premium	=
Proposed Bonus Equity Shares	-
Statutory General Reserves	2,946,738,318
Retained Earnings	866,752,111
Un-audited current year cumulative profit/ (loss)	-
Capital Redemption Reserve	486,111,111
Capital Adjustment Reserve	-
Dividend Equalization Reserves	-
Bargain Purchase Gain	-
Other Free Reserve	=
Less: Goodwill	=
Less: Intangible assets	(65,010,803
Less: Ficticious Assets	-
Less: Investment in equity in licensed Financial Instituti	-
Less: Investment in equity in institutions with financial	(167,204,200
Less: Investment in equity of institutions in excess of lin	-
Less Investments arising out of underwriting commitme	-
Less:Reciprocal crossholdings	-
Less: Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and	(38,407,474
Less: Cash Flow Hedge	-
Less: Defined Benefit Pension Assets	-
Less: Un recognized Defined Benefit Pension Liabilities	-
Less: Negative Balance of Reserve Account	-
Less: Other deductions	-
ADJUSTMENT UNDER PILLAR II	
Less: Shortfall in Provision(6.4 a 1)	-
Less: Loans and Facilities extended to Related Parties	
and Restricted Lending (6.4 a 2)	÷ .
Additional Tier 1 (AT1)	
Perpetual Non Cumulative Preference Share Capital	_
Perpetual Debt Instruments	-
Stock Premium	
Tier 1 Capital (Core Capital) (CET1 +AT1)	18,229,953,069
ilei I capitai (Core Capitai) (CE11 TA11)	10,223,353,00

b. Tier 2 Capital and a breakdown of its components

5. Her 2 cupital and a breakdown of its components			
Tier 2 Capital (Supplementary Capital)	Amount in NPR		
Cumulative and/or Redeemable Preference Share	=		
Subordinated Term Debt	2,500,000,000		
Hybrid Capital Instruments	=		
Stock Premium	-		
General Loan Loss Provision	1,485,256,285		
Exchange Equalization Reserve	76,765,311		
Investment Adjustment Reserve	-		
Assets Revaluation Reserve	=		
Other Reserves	-		
Supplementary Capital (Tier 2)	4,062,021,596		

c. Detailed Information about the Subordinated Term Debt with information on the outstanding amount, maturity, amount raised during the year and amount eligible to be reckoned as capital funds.

10.25% Citizens Bank Debenture, 2086	Amount in NPR
Outstanding Amount	2,500,000,000
Maturity Date	Falgun 2086
Amount raised during the year	
Amount eligible for Tier 2 Capital Fund (net of redempt	2,500,000,000

The Bank appropriate NPR 277.77 Million debenture redemption reserve each year, i.e. proportionately over the duration of the bond, starting from Shrawan 2077. The current balance of Redemption Reserve stands at NPR 486.11 Million.

d. Deductions from Capital

The Bank has deducted the following items in calculation of Tier 1 Capital:
NPR 65.010 Million Intangible Assets.
NPR 167.20 Million invested in equity capital of subsidary company. Out of NPR 167.20 Million, NPR 117.20 million is invested in CBIL Capital Limited and NPR 50 million
NPR 38.407 Million for unutilized portion of land & building for more than 2 years from the date of acquisition/purchase.

e. Total Qualifying Capital

Description	Amount in NPR
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET 1)	18,229,953,069
Tier 1 Capital	18,229,953,069
Tier 2 Capital	4,062,021,596
Total Capital Fund (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	22,291,974,666
Risk Weighted Exposures	163,613,446,324

f. Capital Adequacy Ratio

1. Capital Adequacy Natio		
Description	Amount in NPR	
Leverage Ratio	8.12%	
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted	11.14%	
Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures Ratio	11.14%	
Total Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures Ratio	13.62%	

Risk Weighted Exposures

g. Risk weighted exposures for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk

Risk Weighted Exposures	Amount in NPR
Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	152,047,335,350
Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	5,404,297,508
Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	1,338,125,813
Add: 2% of RWE as Supervisory Haircut	3,175,795,173
Add: 4% of Operational Risk as Supervisory Haircut	1,647,892,479
Total Risk Weighted Exposures (after bank's adjustment	163,613,446,324

h. Risk weighted exposures under each 11 categories of Credit Risk

Risk Weighted Exposure	Amount in NPR	
Categories of Credit Risk		
Claims On Government and Central Bank	=	
Claims On Other Official Entities	=	
Claims On Banks	3,463,075,274	
Claims on Corporate And Securities Firms	68,867,415,784	
Claims On Regulatory Retail Portfolio	29,206,383,949	
Claims Secured By Residential Properties	5,476,077,187	
Claims Secured By Commercial Real Estate	5,940,500,338	
Past Due Claims	6,011,649,784	
High Risk Claims	3,490,975,935	
Other Assets	12,780,826,763	
Off Balance Sheet Items	16,810,430,337	
Total Credit Risk Weighted Exposures	152.047.335.350	

i. Total Risk Weighted Exposure calculation table:

Risk Weighted Exposures	Amount in NPR
Credit Risk exposure	152,047,335,350
Operational Risk Exposure	5,404,297,508
Market Risk Exposure	1,338,125,813
Adjustements under Pillar II	
Add: 2% of RWE as Supervisory Haircut	3,175,795,173
Add: 4% of Operational Risk as Supervisory Haircut	1,647,892,479
Total Risk Weightage Exposures	163,613,446,324
Total Core Capital (CET1 +AT1)	18,229,953,069
Total Capital Fund (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	22,291,974,666
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted	11.14%
Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures (After	11.14%
Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Expos	13.62%

Details of Non-Performing Assets

j. Amount of Non-Performing Assets (both Gross and Net) as per regulatory classification $\label{eq:continuous}$

			Amount in NPR
Particulars	Gross Amount	Provision	Net Amount
Rescheduled / Resctructured	352,586	44,073	308,513
Sub Standard	799,088,663	163,564,191	635,524,471
Doubtful	456,116,104	199,286,119	256,829,985
Loss	1,091,031,035	1,068,632,210	22,398,825
Total	2,346,588,388	1,431,526,594	915,061,794

k. Ratio of Non Performing Assets as per regulatory classification

Particulars	Percentage
Total NPL to Total Loans & Advances	1.72%
Net NPL to Net Loans & Advances	0.69%

I. Movement of Non Performing Assets as per regulatory classification

			Amount in NPR
Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Change
Rescheduled / Resctructured	425,514	352,586	-17.14%
Sub Standard	1,045,185,169	799,088,663	-23.55%
Doubtful	577,526,534	456,116,104	-21.02%
Loss	858,019,274	1,091,031,035	27.16%
Total	2,481,156,492	2,346,588,388	-5.42%

m. Write off of Loans and Interest Suspense

			Amount in NPR
Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Change
Loan written off			
Interest Suspense written off	117,713,795	125,238,523	6.39%

n. Movements in Loan Loss Provision and Interest Suspense

				Amount in NPR
			Changes	
Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Amount	Percentage
Loan Loss Provision	3,076,839,171	3,353,874,597	277,035,427	9.00%
Interest Suspense	1,176,566,567	1,501,746,168	325,179,601	27.64%

o. Details of Additional Loan Loss Provision as per regulatory classification

				Amount in NPR
			Additional Provision in	
Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Current Quarter	Change
Pass Loan	1,490,894,233	1,517,091,762	26,197,529	1.76%
Watchlist	275,677,467	405,256,241	129,578,775	47.00%
Rescheduled / Resctructured	53,189	44,073	(9,116)	-17.14%
Sub Standard	215,688,302	163,564,191	(52,124,111)	-24.17%
Doubtful	254,429,490	199,286,119	(55,143,371)	-21.67%
Loss	840,096,489	1,068,632,210	228,535,721	27.20%
Additional			-	
Total	3,076,839,171	3,353,874,597	277,035,427	9.00%

p. Segregation of Investments portfolio

Particulars	Amount in NPR
Investment securities measured at amortized cost	22,036,462,836
Investment in equity measured at FVTOCI	831,920,931
Trading Assets	332,323,674
Total	23,200,707,440

q. Summary of the Bank's internal approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities, if applicable.

The current paid up capital of the Bank stands at NPR 14,200,974,005

Risk Management Framework

1. Credit risk

Credit Risk is the risk of negative effects on the financial results and the capital of the institution due to the borrower's default on its obligations to the Bank Bank has Credit Hisk is the risk of negative effects on the financial results and the capital of the institution due to the borrower's default on its obligations to the Bank Bank has Credit Policy and Investment Policy in place. There is separated Credit Risk Management Department independent from Credit Business Unit. CRD consists of skilled manpower to analyse risks in different credit functions separately. Loans are originated at the lower level and evaluated based on credit policy of the Bank and respective loan policy. Credit appraisal is done by risk owner acting within risk management policies and framework. Branches recommend credit facilities to higher approval level with the BOD being highest authority to approve credit facilities that are of highest value of exposure. Delegated authority, additional documentation and IT system driven controls and laid down procedures are in place to mitigate risk further. Inherent credit risks are addressed through better safety margin, additional collateral backup, lower exposure and deposit of borrower in bank.

Operations department measures and tracks status of credit portfolio in order to detect any signs of deterioration in financial health of borrower. Comprehensive management information reports are prepared regularly and submitted to senior management. Review of credit portfolio in order to realise possible correlations between them and the environmental factors. Continuous review process at branch level in order to identify any post disbursement problem credits and immediate action is taken by recovery officers, if any identified. As last resort, legal recovery action is taken in order to reduce negative impact.

2 Market Rick

Market Risk is discussed at ALCO and within respective division level on open position on daily basis. In depth knowledge of the market and movement in variables are Market Risk is discussed at ALCO and within respective division level on open position on daily basis. In depth knowledge of the market and movement in variables are obtained in order to control limits for open position and monthly reports prepared. The open position is assessed on daily basis and risk exposure calculated for allocation of required capital in line with Basel provisions. ALCO ensures jobs are in line with policies and procedures and suggests necessary steps to address risk on interest rate, exchange rate movement and equity price changes. Possible financial impact due to change in market conditions are assessed periodically and actions taken accordingly. The departments are well equipped with advance dealing platform and advanced information technology.

Overview of current interest rate environment and monitoring of the movement of key interest rate indices. Periodic evaluation of net interest position and maturity gap analysis is prepared considering interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. Interest rate is kindicators are periodically reviewed. The institution's rate indices are compared in line with market average of industry expert's rate indices of similar instruments with similar characteristics. Interest rate in line with key policy rates of the Central Bank and interest rate spread to maintend according to the Central Bank's direction. Lending policy rates and earlier in line with key policy rates of the Central Bank and interest rate spread in similar decording to the Central Bank's direction. Lending policy rates of the Central Bank and interest rate spread in similar decording to the Central Bank's direction.

3 Operational risk

Operational risk occurs due to external as well as the internal environment. First step is to clearly identify the risk events, after which appropriate combination of qualitative or quantitative techniques are used to evaluate the magnitude of the consequences due to the occurrence of such events. Key risk indicators and audit findings are mostly used to assess operational risk of the Bank. The Internal Audit Department conducts audit reviews of the operational processes and reports to the findings are mostly used to assess operational risk of the Bank. The Internal Audit Department conducts audit reviews of the operational processes and reports to the Board level Audit Committee. The Bank then regularly monitors faults or operational failures and responds to them with resolutions and enhancements to internal procedures. The Bank implements sound internal control systems through instigating the Bank's internal control framework in order to manage operational risk. The IT security aspects of the Bank are examined by the separate unit of Risk Department in line with the IT Policy of the Bank. Moreover, the Bank's system is audited regularly and safety and security standards are improved through suggestions received from the audit. The operational risk committee oversees any operation risk with help of adequate access to daily reports, operational processes and recommendations to correct any faults in systems and procedures. Further, a separate reporting line is maintained in order to preserve independency of check and balance reporting of daily functions of the Bank. Adequate focus is placed on staffs of the Bank in order to avoid mistakes due to insufficient knowledge or practise. The staffs are required to attain the necessary skills through various programs such as orientation of the bank's systems and processes on the job and putting them under direct supervision of experienced staffs before being allowed to work independently. Their development is mysheff further with conduction of skill development and skill enhancement programs. Semipars and workshops on a periodic hasis. Each transaction once through a pushed further with conduction of skill development and skill enhancement programs, seminars and workshops on a periodic basis. Each transaction goes through a check and balance concept where one individual conducts the transaction and the other checks the transaction in order to capture any abnormalities. The deviations are promptly addressed in the lower level as well as centrally through the use of the integrated system.

For the effective management of operational risk, the bank has constituted an Operation Risk Management Committee (ORMC) headed by Deputy Chief Executive

Officer. The ORMC which supports RMC is responsible for implementing the Operational Risk Management Policy and adopting the best practices. The key functions of

- Officer. The OKMC which supports Navo is responsibility, accountability and reporting in such a manner that they are distinct to avoid conflict of interest

 Review all operational risk events and suggest process improvements and mitigants

 Review recent risk events in other banks and elsewhere as available in public domain and suggest key control required from operational risk perspectives

4. Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk indicators such as liquid asset ratio, maturity gap analysis, capital adequacy ratios and funding concentration are used to assess liquidity position and are Liquidity risk indicators such as liquid asset ratio, maturity gap analysis, capital adequacy ratios and funding concentration are used to assess liquidity position and are periodically monitored by ALCO in order to ensure the optimum gearing level of assets and liabilities. However, treasury department monitors daily liquidity requirement and manages and controls the overall liquidity position of the company. Treasury front office manages overall liquidity of the Bank. It also ensures that the Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) is maintained within NRB Directives. It also deals in treasury bills and bonds and manages the lending/borrowing of currency (local/foreign) at local and international bank and financial institutions within the approved limit. These functions help in the analysis of maturity gap to determine the fliquidity position of the bank. As per the results of gap analysis, the bank prepares future plan to manage the deficit or surplus liquidity as per the requirement of funds. While raising short term funds, the treasury negotiates for favourable rates to reduce interest costs, at the same time encouraging longer tenor deposits rather than short term deposits. Also, in order to reduce liquidity risk to an acceptable level, the institution also maintains adequate unutilised facilities as a safety cushion to honour future cash outflow commitments. Moreover, the bank regularly projects future cash flows in certain stress scenarios and thus determines the level of liquid assets required. There is appropriate stress test done regularly for the management of liquidity risk.

Information presented hereunder is as per disclosure requirements of the Capital Adequacy Framework issued by NRB. Disclosures are in respect of the stand-alone capital adequacy of the Bank.

The Bank has developed its own internal policy, procedures and structures to manage credit, market and liquidity risk in adverse situation and to make contingency plan accordingly. For the purpose, the Bank has developed Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) which acts as a guiding document for reporting the ongoing assessment of the Bank's risks, how the Bank intends to mitigate those risks and how much current and future capital is necessary having considered other mitigating factors.

r. Summary of the terms, conditions and main features of all capital instruments specially in case of subordinated term debts including

All the capital of the Banks are unconditional. The Bank has Subordinated Debt of 2,500,000 10.25% Citizens Bank Debenture, 2086, the main features of which are as under:

Name	10.25% Citizens Bank Debenture, 2086	
Amount	NPR 2,500,000,000.00	
Interest Rate	10.25% per annum (before tax) payable quarterly	
Туре	Unsecured and Redeemable at Maturity No call / convertible feature	
Numbers of Debentures	2,500,000 (Twenty Million Five Hundred Thousand Only)	
Face Value	NPR 1,000.00	
Maturity Period	10 Years	
Priority to Debenture Holders	At the time of liquidation, priority of payment to the debenture holders will be after the depositors and secured creditors.	
Listing	Listed with Nepal Stock Exchange	

The Bank appropriate NPR 277.77 Million debenture redemption reserve each year, i.e. proportionately over the duration of the bond, starting from Shrawan 2077. The current balance of Redemption Reserve stands at NPR 486.11 Million.